SINEAX TI 816 Passive DC signal isolator



without power supply, in carrying rail housing

CE

Application

The signal isolator **SINEAX TI 816** (Fig. 1) serves to electrically insulate **an** analogue DC signal in the range 0...20 mA which depending on version is then converted to a current or voltage signal (0...20 mA or 0...10 V). It operates passively and does not require a separate power supply, but derives the little auxiliary energy it needs from the DC signal.

Its narrow casing is designed for mounting on different types of standard rails (Fig. 2). A number of signal isolators can be mounted immediately next to each other and where there are many DC signals to be isolated can form a compact isolator block.



Fig. 1

Features / Benefits

- Electrically insulated analogue DC signals 0...20 mA / Prevents the transfer of interference voltages and currents. Solves grounding problems in meshed signal networks
- Highly accurate / Performs its isolating function with negligible transmission error
- No power supply needed / Saves wiring costs and is easy to install in existing plants
- The device fulfils the protection requirements of the EMC guidelines (89/336/EWG) / The device bears the CE symbol for EMC. See "Table 1: Electromagnetic compatibility"
- Small and compact / Makes best use of the available space



Fig. 2

Layout and mode of operation

The DC signal isolator comprises a DC chopper Z, an isolating stage T, a rectifier G and an oscillator O.

The chopper converts the DC input signal E to an AC signal which is transformed with electrical insulation, rectified, smoothed and appears at the output as a DC current signal A (Fig. 3, left). Ver-

sions with a DC output **voltage** signal A have a resistive burden through which the current flows (Fig. 3, right).

The chopper is controlled by the oscillator which obtains its power from the DC signal.

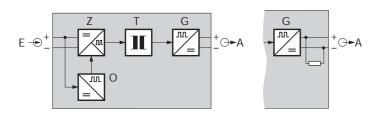


Fig. 3. Schematic diagram.

Camille Bauer TI 816-5 Le 06.03

SINEAX TI 816 Passive DC signal isolator

Technical data Mounting: Snapping

onto G-type railacc. to EN 50 035-G32

or

onto top-hat rail

acc. to EN 50 022-35×7.5

Mounting position: Any

Electrical connections: Screw terminals with wire protection

clamps

- for 0.2 to 4 mm² non-stranded

wires

or

for 0.2 to 2.5 mm² stranded wires

Weight: Approx. 35 g

Output signal A

DC current or

Input signal E -

Max. permissible current:

DC current:

Voltage limiter:

Voltage drop:

Overshoot:

DC voltage: 0...20 mA **or** 0...10 V

Limit: Approx. 30 mA¹

Approx. 15 V²

0...20 mA

18 V ± 5% (with zener diode)

< 2,1 V (for 500 Ω burden)

< 20 µA (typical 5 µA)

50 mA

Max. burden: $600 \Omega^{1}$ Internal resistance: $500 \Omega^{2}$ Residual ripple: < 20 mV ss

P.P.

Time constant: Approx. 5 ms

Regulations

Electrical design: Acc. to IEC 1010

Protection: Housing IP 40 acc. to EN 60 529,

Terminals IP 20

Test voltage: 500 Vrms, 50 Hz, 1 min.

Max. surge voltage: 800 V

Accuracy data

Error limits: $< \pm 0.1\%$ ¹

(reference value 20 mA, linearity error included)

 $< \pm 0.2\%^{2}$

(reference value 10 V, linearity error included)

Reference conditions:

Ambient temperature 23 °C ± 1 K

Output burden 100 Ω^{1}

 ≥ 5 M Ω^2

Ambient conditions

Climatic rating: Climate class 3Z acc. to

VDI/VDE 3540

Operating temperature: -20 to + 65 °C

Storage temperature: -40 to +85 °C

Annual mean

relative humidity: ≤ 75% standard climatic rating

Seismic test: 5 g, < 200 Hz,

2 h in each of 3 directions

Shock test: 50 g

10 shocks in each of 3 directions

Additional error:

Burden influence < 0.2% (at 500 Ω) ¹

Temperature coefficient < 50 ppm/K

Installation data

Mechanical design: Carrying rail housing N12

Dimensions see section "Dimen-

sional drawings"

Material of housing: Lexan 940 (polycarbonate).

Flammability Class V-0 acc. to UL 94, self-extinguishing, non-dripping, free

of halogen

1 With current signal

² With voltage signal

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Table 1: Electromagnetic compatibility

Reference was made to the general standards EN 50 081-2 and EN 50 082-2

Conducted interference from the instrument	EN 55 011	Group 1, Class A	
HF radiation from complete instrument	EN 55 011	Group 1, Class A	
Til Tadiation nom complete instrument	LIN 33 011	— Group 1, Class A	
Electrostatic discharge	IEC 1000-4-2	Direct: ± 8 kV air Indirect: ± 6 kV contact	
HF field influence on instrument	IEC 1000-4-3	80 MHz1000 MHz: 10 V/m, 80% AM 1 kHz (ITU-frequencies, 3 V/m)	
Transient burst via connections	IEC 1000-4-4	± 2 kV, 5/50 ns, 5 kHz, > 2 min. capacitively coupled	
HF interference via connections	IEC 1000-4-6	0.15 to 80 MHz: 10 V, 80% AM 1 kHz (ITU-frequencies, 3 V)	

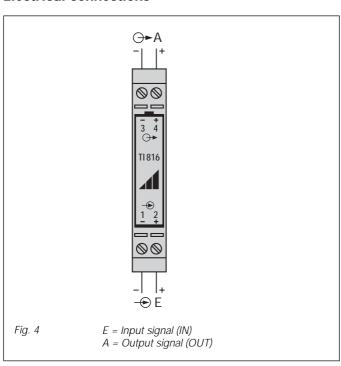
The device fulfils the protection requirements of the EMC guidelines (89/336/EWG). The device bears the CE symbol for EMC.

Table 2: Versions (stock)

There are two versions of the DC signal isolator SINEAX TI 816 both of which are available ex stock. Quoting the **order No**. is sufficient when ordering:

Description	Output signal A	Order code	Order No.
Passive DC signal isolator Input signal E: 020 mA, with	020 mA	816 - 5110	990 722
1 isolation and transmission channel, in carrying rail housing N12	010 V	816 - 5111	994 089

Electrical connections



Standard accessories

1 Operating manual each in German, French and English

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Dimensional drawings

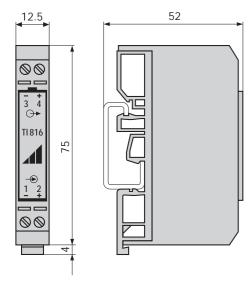


Fig. 5. SINEAX TI 816 in carrying rail housing N12 on G-type rail EN 50 035 – G 32.

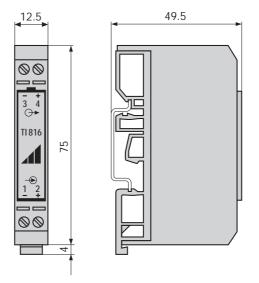


Fig. 6. SINEAX TI 816 in carrying rail housing N12 on top-hat rail EN 50 022 – 35×7.5.